1. General

You can adjust the time in units of hour by one-touch button operation without stopping the watch.

2. Structure

*Appearance may vary with model.

*The sub-watch is synchronous with the main watch.
*The day hand indicates the date of the main watch.
3. Adjusting the main watch

(1) When the second hand is at 0 second, pull the crown out to the position where you can adjust the time.
(2) Turn the crown to adjust the main watch.
   • It is at 0:00 am when the date increments. Don't mistake am for pm when adjusting the time.
   • To adjust the time more accurately, it will be convenient to advance the minute hand 4-5 minutes ahead of the right value and turn it back.
(3) After adjusting the time in reference to a time signal, return the crown it the normal position.

4. Adjusting the date

* The day hand indicates the date of the main watch.
(1) Pull the crown out to the position where you can adjust the date.
(2) Turn the crown to adjust the date.
   • Turning the crown once to the left will increment the date value. Turning it to the right does not work.
   • The date varies in a period of 31 days. When the month ends at the 30th or earlier, you have to adjust the date at the first of the next month manually.
   • Don't adjust the date in between 7:00 pm and 1:00 am because the date might not increment on the next day. Move the hand and adjust the date, avoiding that time zone. After adjustment, adjust the main watch again.
5. Adjusting the sub-watch (correcting time difference)

You can adjust the time in units of hour in reference to the main watch.

1. Press the (A)-button once and the hour hand of the sub-watch goes back by an hour (counterclockwise). Press the (A)-button as many times as needed to correct time difference in reference to the main watch.

(Example) To adjust the sub-watch to the time at London when the main watch reads 10:10 am at Tokyo. The time difference between Tokyo and London is -9 hours. When it is 10:10 am at Tokyo, the time at London is 1:10 am. To correct the time difference:

2. Press the (A)-button nine times to move the hour hand of the sub-watch 9 hours back to 1 o’clock.
<Time differences of main locations based on UTC>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City name</th>
<th>Time difference</th>
<th>Daylight savings time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Universal</td>
<td>±0</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London</td>
<td>±0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paris</td>
<td>+1</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rome</td>
<td>+1</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cairo</td>
<td>+2</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Istanbul</td>
<td>+2</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moscow</td>
<td>+3</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kuwait</td>
<td>+3</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dubai</td>
<td>+4</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karachi</td>
<td>+5</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dacca</td>
<td>+6</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangkok</td>
<td>+7</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>+8</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
<td>+8</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beijing</td>
<td>+8</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City name</th>
<th>Time difference</th>
<th>Daylight savings time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+9</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sydney</td>
<td>+10</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noumea</td>
<td>+11</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auckland</td>
<td>+12</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honolulu</td>
<td>-10</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anchorage</td>
<td>-9</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Los Angeles</td>
<td>-8</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver</td>
<td>-7</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>-6</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico City</td>
<td>-6</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montreal</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caracas</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rio de Janero</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buenos Aires</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Cities (regions) in which daylight savings time is used are indicated with a ○, while those in which it is not are indicated with an X.
* Countries or regions may change time zones for various reasons.
6. Using the Register Ring

The bezel design may vary depending on the model.

[Calculation function]

Note the following points when using this function. Use the calculation function of this watch only as a guide. These scales do not indicate the position of the decimal point.

A. Navigational calculation

1) Time required
   Example: Obtain the time required for the flight of an aircraft at 180 knots for 450 nautical miles.
   Answer: Align “18” on the outer scale with the SPEED INDEX (▲) on the inner scale. Then, “45” on the outer scale corresponds to “2:30” on the inner scale (time scale). Thus, the time required for the flight is 2 hours and 30 minutes.

2) Knots (air speed)
   Example: Obtain the knots (air speed) for 240 nautical miles with a flight time of 1 hour and 20 minutes.
   Answer: Align “24” on the outer scale with “1:20” on the inner scale (time scale). Then, the SPEED INDEX (▲) on the inner scale corresponds to “18” on the outer scale. Thus, the air speed for the flight is 180 knots.

3) Flight distance
   Example: Obtain the air distance when the air speed is 210 knots and the flight time is 40 minutes.
   Answer: Align “21” on the outer scale with the SPEED INDEX (▲) on the inner scale. Then, “40” on the inner scale corresponds to “14” on the outer scale. Thus, the air distance of the flight is 140 nautical miles.

4) Rate of fuel consumption
   Example: Obtain the rate of fuel consumption (gallons / hour) when the flight time is 30 minutes and the fuel consumption is 120 gallons.
   Answer: Align “12” on the outer scale with “30” on the inner scale. Then, the SPEED INDEX (▲) on the inner scale corresponds to “24” on the outer scale. Thus, the fuel consumption is 240 gallons per hour.

5) Fuel consumption
   Example: Obtain the fuel consumption required for a flight when the rate of fuel consumption is 250 gallons per hour and the flight time is 6 hours.
8) Rate of climb (or descent)

The rate of climb (or descent) can be obtained from the time required to reach an altitude.

**Example:** Obtain the rate of climb when an aircraft reaches an altitude of 7,500 feet after climbing for 16 minutes.

**Answer.** Align “75” on the outer scale with “16” on the inner scale. Then, “10” on the inner scale corresponds to “47” on the outer scale. Thus, the rate of climb is 470 per minute.

9) Time of climb (or descent)

The time required for climb can be obtained from the altitude to be reached and the rate of climb (or descent).

**Example:** Obtain the time of climb when an aircraft is to climb to 6,300 feet at a rate of 550 feet per minute.

**Answer.** Align “55” on the outer scale with “10” on the inner scale. Then, “63” on the outer scale corresponds to “11.5” on the inner scale. Thus, the time of climb is 11 minutes and 30 seconds.

10) Conversion

**Example:** Convert 30 statute miles into nautical miles and kilometers.

**Operation:** Align “30” on the outer scale with STAT (▲) on the inner scale. Then, NAUT (▲) on the inner scale corresponds to “48.2” km on the outer scale.
B. General Calculation Functions

1) Multiplication
   Example: 20 \times 15
   Operation: Align “20” on the outer scale with “10” on the inner scale. Then, “15” on the inner scale corresponds to “30” on the outer scale. Take into account the position of the decimal point and add one zero to obtain 300. Note that with the scales of this watch, the position of the decimal point cannot be obtained.

2) Division
   Example: 250 / 20
   Operation: Align “25” on the outer scale with “20” on the inner scale. Then, “10” on the inner scale corresponds to “12.5” on the outer scale. Take into account the position of the decimal point to obtain 12.5.

3) Proportion
   Example: \frac{30}{20} = \frac{60}{x}
   Operation: Align “30” on the outer scale with “20” on the inner scale. Then, “60” on the outer scale corresponds to “40” on the inner scale. At this point, the proportion for every value on the inner and outer scales is 30:20.

4) Square root
   Example: Square root of 225
   Operation: Turn the outer scale showly and find a value that corresponds to both “22.5” on the outer scale and “10” on the inner scale. In this example, “22.5” on the outer scale corresponds to “15” on the inner scale, and “10” on the inner scale corresponds to “15” on the outer scale. Thus, the answer is 15.
7. Precautions

⚠️ CAUTION: Water-resistance performance

There are several types of water-resistant watches, as shown in the following table.

The unit "bar" is roughly equal to 1 atmosphere.

* WATER RESIST(ANT) xx bar may also be indicated as W.R. xx bar.

For correct use within the design limits of the watch, confirm the level of water-resistance of your watch, as indicated on the dial and case, and consult the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indication</th>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Examples of use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dial</td>
<td>Case (Case back)</td>
<td>Minor exposure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATER RESIST or no indication</td>
<td>WATER RESIST(ANT)</td>
<td>to water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WR 50 or WATER RESIST 50</td>
<td>WATER RESIST(ANT) 5 bar or</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WR 100/200 or WATER RESIST</td>
<td>WATER RESIST(ANT) 10/20 bar or</td>
<td>Marine sports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100/200</td>
<td>WATER RESIST(ANT)</td>
<td>(skin diving)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Scuba diving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(with air tank)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Operation of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the crown or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>button with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>moisture visible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OK | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO

OK | OK | NO | NO | NO | NO

OK | OK | OK | NO | NO | NO

OK | OK | OK | NO | NO | NO
• Water-resistance for daily use (to 3 atmospheres): This type of watch is water-resistant to minor exposure to water. For example, you may wear the watch while washing your face; however, it is not designed for use underwater.
• Upgraded water-resistance for daily use (to 5 atmospheres): This type of watch is water-resistant to moderate exposure to water. You may wear the watch while swimming; however, it is not designed for use while skin diving.
• Upgraded water-resistance for daily use (to 10/20 atmospheres): This type of watch may be used for skin diving; however, it is not designed for scuba or saturated diving using helium gas.

CAUTION
• Do NOT operate the crown or button with wet fingers or when the watch is wet. Water may enter the watch and compromise water-resistance.
• If the watch is used in seawater, rinse with fresh water afterward and wipe with a dry cloth.

• If moisture has entered the watch, or if the inside of the crystal is fogged up and does not become clear within a day, immediately take the watch to your dealer or Citizen Service Center for repair. Leaving the watch in such a state will allow corrosion to form inside.
• If seawater enters the watch, place the watch in a box or plastic bag and immediately take it in for repair. Otherwise, pressure inside the watch will increase, and parts (crystal, crown, buttons, etc.) may come off.

CAUTION: Keep your watch clean.
• Dust and dirt tend to be deposited in gaps in the back of the case or band. Deposited dust and dirt may cause corrosion and soil your clothing. Clean the watch occasionally.

Cleaning the Watch
• Use a soft cloth to wipe off dirt, perspiration and water from the case and crystal.
• Use a soft, dry cloth to wipe off perspiration and dirt from the leather band.
• To clean a metal, plastic, or rubber watchband, wash away dirt with mild soap and water. Use a soft brush to remove dust and dirt jammed in the gaps in the metal band. If your watch is not water-resistant, take it to your dealer.
NOTE: Avoid using solvents (thinner, benzine, etc.), as they may mar the finish.

WARNING: Handling of the battery
• Keep the battery out of the reach of small children. If a child swallows the battery, contact a physician immediately.

CAUTION: Replacing the battery
• For replacement of the battery, take your watch to your dealer or Citizen Service Center.
• Replace the battery as soon as possible if the service life of the battery has expired. Leaving a depleted battery in the watch may result in leakage, which can damage the watch severely.

CAUTION: Operating environment
• Use the watch within the operating-temperature range specified in the instruction manual.
Using the watch where temperatures are outside the specified range, may result in deterioration of functions or even stoppage of the watch.

• Do NOT use the watch in places where it is exposed to high temperature, such as in a sauna. Doing so may result in a skin burn.
• Do NOT leave the watch in a place where it is exposed to high temperature, such as the glove compartment or dash-board of a car. Doing so may result in deterioration of the watch, such as deformation of plastic parts.
• Do NOT place the watch close to a magnet. Timekeeping will become inaccurate if you place the watch close to magnetic health equipment such as a magnetic necklace or a magnetic latch of a refrigerator door or handbag clasp or the earphone of a mobile phone. If this has occurred, move the watch away from the magnet and reset the time.
• Do NOT place the watch close to household appliances that generate static electricity. Timekeeping may become inaccurate if the watch is exposed to strong static electricity, such as is emitted from a TV screen.

• Do NOT subject the watch to a strong shock such as dropping it onto a hard floor.
• Avoid using the watch in an environment where it may be exposed to chemicals or corrosive gases.
If solvents, such as thinner and benzine, or substances containing such solvents come in contact with the watch, discoloration, melting, cracking, etc. may result. If the watch comes in contact with mercury used in thermometers, the case, band or other parts may become discolored.

8. Specifications

- **Model:** 3111
- **Type:** analog quartz watch
- **Accuracy:** Within ±20 seconds per month (when worn at normal temperatures +5°C to +35°C / 41°F to 95°F)
- **Operating temperature range:** -10°C to +60°C / 14°F to 140°F
- **IC:** C/MOS-LSI (one)
- **Additional features:** sub-watch
  - Date (with easy correction)
- **Battery:** small silver battery (one)
  - Battery life: Approximately 2 years
  - Battery No.: 280-73 (SR616SW)

* Specifications are subject to change for improvement without prior notice.